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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/767,524	01/29/2004	Jonathan Paul Patrizio	200314241-1	5514
	7590 10/30/200 CKARD COMPANY	EXAMINER		
P O BOX 272400, 3404 E. HARMONY ROAD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ADMINISTRATION			KIM, EUNHEE	
	AL PROPERTY ADM IS, CO 80527-2400	INISTRATION .	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2123	
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		·	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			10/30/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/767,524	PATRIZIO ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Eunhee Kim	2123			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	TE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become AB ANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status	·	•			
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>06 Au</u> 2a)□ This action is FINAL 2b)⊠ This 3)□ Since this application is in condition for allowan closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. ice except for formal matters, pro				
Disposition of Claims					
 4) □ Claim(s) 1-14 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) □ Claim(s) 1-14 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. 					
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.					
	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action of form PTO-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
*					
Attachment(s)					
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) A) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date					
Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	. 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:				

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DETAILED ACTION

1. The amendment filed 08/06/2007 has been received and considered. Claims 1-14 are presented for examination.

Response to Applicant's Remarks & Examiner's Withdrawals

- 2. Examiner respectfully withdraws objection to the Claim in view of the amendment and/or applicant's arguments.
- 3. Examiner respectfully withdraws Claim Rejections 35 USC § 101 in view of the amendment and/or applicant's arguments.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
 - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

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- 6. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 7. Claims 1-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Stewart et al. (US Patent No. 7,107,191), in view of Chao et al. (US Patent No. 6,393,485), and fürther in view of Bartlett et al. (US Patent No. 6,137,775).

Stewart et al. teaches (Claims 1 and 10) a computer system and computer implemented method (Fig. 1) comprising: a simulator (Fig. 1) including:

a virtual-cluster generator (Fig. 1-4) for generating a first virtual cluster (Fig. 1-4, Col. 3 lines 52-65, Col. 5 lines 18-28).

Stewart et al. fails to teach a virtual-failure event selector providing for selecting a virtual-failure event corresponding to a real-failure event that applies to a real computer cluster;

virtual pre-failure configuration corresponding to a real pre-failure configuration of said real computer cluster; and

generating a second virtual cluster;

a virtual post-failure configuration corresponding to a real post-failure configuration that said real computer cluster would assume in response to said real-failure event.

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Chao et al. teaches virtual pre-failure configuration corresponding to a real pre-failure configuration of said real computer cluster (Col. 9 lines 27-54, Col. 14 lines 60-67, Col. 15 lines 32-47);

a virtual post-failure configuration corresponding to a real post-failure configuration that said real computer cluster would assume in response to said real-failure event (Col. 9 lines 27-54, Col. 14 lines 60-67, Col. 15 lines 32-47); and

generating a second virtual cluster (Col. 9 lines 27-54, Col. 14 lines 60-67, Col. 15 lines 32-47).

Bartlett et al. teaches a virtual-failure event selector providing for selecting a virtual-failure event corresponding to a real-failure event that applies to a real computer cluster (Fig. 5B, Col. 12 lines 50-59).

Stewart et al., Chao et al., and Bartlett et al. are analogous art because they are all related to simulation.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art of at the time the invention was made to include virtual-failure event of Chao et al. and failure event selector of Bartlett et al., in the method of modular architecture for optimizing a configuration of computer system of Stewart et al., to improve the management of clustered computer system that expands the number of nodes available for failover conditions (Chao et al.: Abstract). Further, Bartlett et al. teaches advantageous of system that ensures complete restoration of all or substantially all of the failed capacity in the telecommunications transport network regardless of the quantity and sequence of spans that fail (Col. 2 lines 16-27)

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Stewart et al. teaches (Claim 2) wherein, in said real pre-failure configuration, said real computer cluster runs a software application on a first computer of said real computer cluster and not on a second computer of said real computer cluster (Col. 16 lines 48-52, Fig. 4), and wherein, in said real post-failure configuration, said real computer cluster runs said application on said second computer but not on said first computer (Col. 16 lines 48-52, Fig. 4);

(Claim 3) said real computer cluster (Fig. 1-4) including profiling software (Fig. 2) for providing a descriptive profile of said real computer cluster, said virtual-cluster generator generating said virtual cluster in said pre-failure configuration using said descriptive profile (Col. 4 lines 10-30, Col. 5 lines 1-40);

(Claim 4) wherein said real computer cluster is connected to said simulator for providing said descriptive profile thereto (Fig. 1-4, Col. 3 lines 60-63);

(Claim 5) an evaluator for evaluating said virtual cluster in its post-failure configuration (Fig. 1-4, Col. 8 lines 31-39);

(Claim 6) a test sequencer (Fig. 1-4, Col. 12 lines 19-62), said test sequencer selecting different virtual-failure events to be applied to said first virtual cluster in said pre-failure configuration so as to result in different post-failure configurations of said virtual cluster (Fig. 1-4, Col. 12 lines 19-62);

(Claim 7) a statistical analyzer for statistically analyzing evaluations of said different post-failure configurations of said virtual cluster (Fig. 1-4, Col. 8 lines 31-39),

(Claim 8) wherein said test sequencer automatically tests different pre-failure configurations of said virtual cluster against different failure events, said statistical analyzer providing a determination of optimum pre-failure configuration by statistically analyzing

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evaluations of the resulting post-failure configurations (Fig. 1-4, Col. 8 lines 31-39, Col. 12 lines 19-62);

(Claim 9) wherein said simulator is connected to said real computer cluster for providing said determination thereto, said real computer cluster automatically reconfiguring itself as a function of said determination (Fig. 1-4, Col. 8 lines 5-30, Col. 12 lines 62-67);

(Claim 11) wherein steps a, b, and c are iterated for different configurations of said real computer cluster and for different sets of said predetermined failure types, said method further comprising providing a recommended configuration for said real computer cluster (Fig. 1-4, Col. 3 lines 52-65, Col. 5 lines 18-28, Col. 8 lines 5-53, Col. 12 lines 19-67);

(Claim 12) gathering profile information about said real cluster in said first configuration, wherein said first virtual computer cluster is generated using said profile information (Fig. 3, Col. 4 lines 10-30, Col. 5 lines 1-40);

(Claim 13) wherein steps a, b, and c are iterated for different configurations of said real computer cluster and for different sets of said predetermined failure types, said method further comprising providing a recommended configuration for said real computer cluster (Fig. 1-4, Col. 3 lines 52-65, Col. 5 lines 18-28, Col. 8 lines 5-53, Col. 12 lines 19-67);

(Claim 14) transmitting said recommendation to said real computer cluster; and implementing said recommended configuration on said real computer cluster (Fig. 1-4).

Response to Arguments

8. Applicant's arguments filed 08/06/2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

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Applicant's arguments with respect to the rejection(s) of claim(s) 1 have been fully considered and are persuasive. Therefore, the rejection has been withdrawn. However, upon further consideration, a new ground(s) of rejection is made in view of Bartlett et al.

Conclusion

9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Eunhee Kim whose telephone number is 571-272-2164. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30am-5:00pm Monday to Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Paul Rodriguez can be reached on 571-272-3753. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

EK

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